

## BIG SANDY NEWS.

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M. F. CONLEY,  
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The News is in no way responsible for any article to which the author's name is printed. A charge is made for the publication of such articles containing anything personal.

Communications on any side of public questions admissible to discussion in our columns will be published, no matter whether they agree with the editor's views or not.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

### Democratic Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,  
ROLLA K. HART,  
Of Fleming County.  
FOR COUNTY JUDGE,  
W. H. WOODS.  
FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,  
G. W. SKAGGS.  
FOR COUNTY CLERK,  
ROBT. DIXON.  
FOR SHERIFF,  
J. W. SHANNON.  
FOR JAILER,  
R. S. CHAFFIN.  
FOR ASSESSOR,  
W. A. ARRINGTON.  
FOR SURVEYOR,  
J. R. DEAN.  
FOR CORNER,  
J. E. HATTEN.  
FOR MAGISTRATE.

Dist. No. 1, A. J. Conley  
" 2, H. B. Huett  
" 3, L. D. Webb  
" 4, M. F. Gambill  
" 5, M. B. Thompson  
" 6, Ban Hinkle  
" 7, Ban Hinkle

FOR CONSTABLE,  
Dist. No. 1, J. L. Diamond  
" 2, A. R. Edmunds  
" 3, Jas. Lovejoy  
" 4, G. C. McComas  
" 5, Bud Daniels  
" 6, Hugo Dobbins

During last week throughout the United States there were 181 business failures, against 334 the corresponding week last year.

It is thought that Prendergast will be charged July 13. The crime for which he is to pay the penalty, it may be well to explain, was the assassination of a Mayor of Chicago in the earlier history of that city—Ex.

Hill voted against the tariff bill upon its final passage, as was expected, but he failed to carry any Democratic votes with him. The bill had a majority of five, just the same. Hill has ceased to be noticed. He can't even raise a disturbance any more.

Anarchist Altgeld, who is Governor of Illinois, took nearly two columns of small type to tell President Cleveland to remove the Federal soldiers from Chicago. President Cleveland took about twenty lines of the same sized type to tell Anarchist Altgeld to get out of Mayville Lodge.

The tariff bill is now in conference and it is thought coal and iron will be put on the free list. Some reduction may also be made in the sugar schedule, and a ten per cent. reduction in the woolen schedule will doubtless be made. It is thought the conference committee will be ready to report about Thursday of next week.

The Senate amendments to the Tariff Bill were objected to in gross in the House after some lively debate, and the measure was finally referred to a conference committee composed of Messrs. Wilson, McMillin, Turner and Montgomery, Democrats, and Messrs. Reed, of Maine; Burrows, of Michigan, and Payne, of New York. From the Senate the Democratic members of the committee are Voorhees, Vest, Jones and Harris.

The Hon. Marcus C. Lisle, Congressman from the Tenth Kentucky district, died Saturday morning at his home at Winchester. By his death Kentucky loses an upright representative and a true man. The deceased was a most estimable and lovable character, and was a justly popular where ever known. Resolutions of regret were adopted by the National House of Representatives, and a moment taken in honor of the dead. The Kentucky delegation held a meeting, and also adopted resolutions of sympathy.

### Hart's The Man.

The Congressional race is made up in this district. The Populists will cut no more significant figure than heretofore. The battle will be on the issue of whether a people can be taxed into prosperity. Rolla K. Hart, the Democratic champion, has shown his Democratic faith by his works. He made himself a leader in State legislation by his industrious and intelligent use of superior talents. When he championed a measure it was instantly known by his fellow members that it was sound in Democratic policy and meant for the good of all the people; that one of the brightest and best of Democrats had thought out its merits and gave it his support because it was right in principle and promised to be wholesome in practice. He had weight in the General Assembly and accomplished much good, because his associates trusted his thoughtful judgment. Elect him to Congress, and his reputation will precede him; he will be given committee assignments where he can do most good for this district, for Kentucky, and for the nation.

That Hart will be elected scarcely admits of reasonable doubt. This district is largely Democratic. Kentucky Democrats, anyhow, have too much intelligence not to know that the prevailing business depression can not be charged to the Democratic party. Insofar as legislation caused the trouble only the Republican party can be held responsible. The nation was brought to a sick bed by Republican riotous living. The Democratic party will restore the patient to health, but the treatment requires patience and strong repeal doses of legislation.

Mr. Pugh, Hart's Republican opponent, is noted principally because he is a son-in-law of a wealthy Republican politician, who relies much upon the potency of money in campaigns. Money is a strong argument with the flouters, but it will never win the good Democrats of the 9th district to a renunciation of Democracy.

As to Bath county there is no more ground for reports that Hart will not carry the full party vote than there would be for an assertion that the czar of Russia is thinking of joining the Nihilists.—Owingsville Outlook.

### Northern Troubles.

"Savoyard" in Courier-Journal, says: While the political, social and industrial pot is boiling in the northern section of the Union, like the middle kettle in bades, except in South Carolina, the South is in a state of serene political, social and industrial calm. The South had no Coxey movement; the South is not the scene of that new and dangerous force that has just arisen and threatens the whole social fabric. Mark my word for it; that unless some solution of the conflict between capital and labor is found—a solution that will give capital profitable, safe and unexposed investment, and labor constant, remunerative and trustful employment—there is going to be a great deal of trouble. The "sympathetic strike" is the alarming feature. It means complete organization, and when organization is perfected, when it is enthused as a Mirabeau would enthuse it, and led as a Bonaparte would lead it, look out for squalls. Are we coming to the pass? That is a question no man can answer and only time will answer. Both capital and labor must concede much. Capital must surrender some of its enormous profits—such as the coal combine's 40 per cent. dividends, labor must cease some of its pretensions—such as its denial to other and willing labor the right to work. Unless this compromise is had there will come a time that will bring the pallor of fear to every political party, a time that will bring revolution to the whole social state. Let us hope it may not bring bloodshed to every industrial center.

### Best Kind of Argument.

The great number of returning immigrants—mainly English, Scotch, Irish and Belgians—give as a reason that they can make as good a living on the other side as over here, and many of them propose to work in the English mines, where they actually get better wages than in the United States. This is the kind of testimony that knocks out theories and claims of the partisan protectionists. There is a duty of seventy-five cents a ton on coal for "the protection of American labor." But the truth keeps struggling to the light. About the sole and lonely influence resisting the free schedule on coal are the big companies operating in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia. Their assertion that if the duty is removed or coal made free, wages will be cut is humbug pure and simple. The miner now works at thirty-five to forty cents a ton, without regular employment, and wages were never so low. The returning immigrant is the best kind of argument against the claim of operator.—Ex.

James McDevine Moves to Howell. Each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

### WE FARMERS PAY IT.

No Benefits in Return. The Miner's Case.

CAT RIDGE, KY., July 3.

Editor Big Sandy News.

You would have me say in my article on the abolishment of the silver dollar that it was done Sept. 5, 1893, when it should have read 1873. This was during the reign of King John Sherman, thus producing a money famine, which is the cause of our present low prices. Mr. J. S. Mill, the great writer on political economy, says: "If the whole money in circulation was doubled, prices would be doubled; if it was only increased one-fourth, prices would rise one-fourth and if you will read David Hume as far back as 1752, Thos. Tooke, Prof. Thompson, Francis A. Walker you will find they all agree upon this point. Then if this be true—which it is—who is responsible for the present scarcity of a circulating medium? Why, Senator John Sherman and his band of followers. Then if Mr. Sherman and his followers are responsible for the present money famine, who is likewise responsible for the prevailing low price? Why, the "G. O. P." I don't mean by this the usual acceptance of these three letters, but this: "Grand Old Plutocrat" the Republican party as now controlled.

Also in my article on capital and the farmer you would have me say that the "defendants" of this country had been led to the slaughter, when I desire to say the "dependents" of this country, thus changing the whole subject meaning of that part of my article. Another error in the same article was this: The tax on coal should have read 75c instead of 25c per ton.

I heard one man say: "what need we to care if the tax on coal was \$10 per ton; we don't have it to pay." I would like to say to this much-wise individual that whenever you have bought of a manufactured article that would require the consumption of a ton of coal to make, you have then and there paid the tax on this ton of coal. I will go further and say to you that you have not only paid this tax, but you have paid the miner for his labor, as well as the freight and the operator's profit.

Right here, my friends, is the argument of the Republican party that when we (please remember when I say "we" I mean the farmers, for they are the consumers) have paid this high tax on coal and other labor products, that we have "enabled the laborer to pay us a higher price for farm products." But pray what becomes of their argument as well as the tax when the coal-digger gets only 20 to 40c per ton for mining? Does the mine clerk say to his faithful hand on pay day, "Here Mr. Wallace, or Mr. Vanhose, here is a surprise for you. The Republican party in their graciousness has taxed the farmer of this country 75c per ton on coal that we may pay you that price for labor. There is \$35 over and above our contract price for the 100 tons you put out last month. Take it, and may God bless you and the Republican party."

Now, my friends have you ever heard of such liberality on the part of any mine owner? Have you a record of a mine operator paying to any one a cent more for labor than he can secure the same labor for from others? To make the illustration a little plainer, have you ever heard of a company paying 75c per ton for digging when he can get the same work done for 40c? Have you on record where the miner paid to the farmer more for his products than a neighbor farmer would have had to pay for the same article if in need of it? No indeed! It is the policy of every man to buy for the lowest price.

Then under the present tax system, who is the gainer and who is the loser. The farmer pays the tax and the mine owner gets it, as has been most clearly demonstrated by the late "coal strike." What is true of this is true of all other protective taxes.

This is the short of the whole of it. This scheme of the Republican party is made up after a fashion that just suits the mine owner. It is pretty "rocky" on the farmer, but we will be freed by and bye. Stand by your colors, men, no matter what these Republicans preach.

I know and so do you, that they are running over the country howling like a lost dog that the Democratic party is responsible. Truth flares an argument, as does sauce a good dinner. And could they have resurrected that man whom I think the psalmist David described when he said, "He that sweareth to his own hurt, and changeth not," the immortal Lincoln, and placed him in the Presidential chair; or the great warrior Grant; or could they have resurrected that great financier Hamilton from the deadly aim of Burr's bullet; or gone to Mt. Vernon and rent the stones asunder and sounded the bugle under, calling forth the "Father of his Country," and placed him a



the head of affairs under the same emphatic laws, the result would have been the same: the same cause produces the same effect.

The Democratic party are pledged to collect no more taxes than is necessary to defray the honest, necessary expense of government, no matter whether it be municipal, county, state or national; and if you will open your mouth and speak out you are a firm believer in this one of the cardinal principles of the Democratic party. Why? because we farmers have all this to pay and get not a cent of the benefits. If we, my farming friends, could see at one glance the pay roll which we are under Republican management forced to pay every year, we would in awful tones of fright and despair exclaim, "My God! is there to be no relief! Yes, my friends, be of good cheer. There are better days coming. The policy of the Republican party is being deciphered. It now appears that they have two principles—one for the public, and one for private use; and they are now busy reloading the old cartridges to be fired at us farmers during the next campaign. But bless Jake we have discovered a bullet proof coat for these fellows. It was patented by William McKinley, of Ohio, and assignees. They had better be banging some of that \$600 per ton armor plate that we farmers are paying for under a contract by a Republican Administration. To be continued next week.

COAL BLAST.

Cough leads to Consumption. Kemp Balm stops the Cough at once.

### DWALE.

Crops are promising at present. Capt. Yates, with D. H. Carpenter, Catlettsburg, stopped over Sunday at the "Hatch House."

Capt. Wm. Daryl, of Porter-Darby Coal Works, Alpharetta, is visiting home folks.

Jolly Harry Cooley passed here last week wearing that usual smile.

James Hatcher, of Abbott, gave us a call last week.

Hon. A. B. Stephens, of Beaver, passed here Saturday.

E. K. May and A. J. Begley, put on their Sunday suits, mounted their horses, and went toward the Ivy mountains.

Sid Mayo, of Prestonsburg, passed here Saturday, enroute to upper Beaver.

Joe D. Neel, of Prestonsburg, will pedagogue at the mouth of Beaver.

The school at the mouth of Arkansas, has gone into the hands of the receiver, which is Sidney Mayo.

Delegates will leave this week to attend the convention at Compton, to nominate a candidate for Congress from the 10th district. They are still hoping for Joe M. K.

Picnic at the Abbott. Gave the 4th.

### RICH CREEK.

Times dull, business slow, but we trust improving.

W. S. Jordan and Nancy Chaffin were married recently.

David Henry made a visit to Elaine the 7th.

Many of our people attended the 4th in Louisa, report a good time. The family of Ulysses Haws is very low with fever.

Lizzie Shannon and Mattie Moore passed through our vicinity enroute for Cherokee on the 5th.

Our Sunday School is progressing nicely, the best for many years.

The Pullman strikers seem to have received much "sympathy" from anarchy and certain labor unions, but they have failed signally to enlist the sympathy of the public. Offers of volunteers to fight the strikers have come from many sections of the country. The strike is the worst thing which ever happened for the laboring classes.

President Cleveland took no hand in the matter until the mails and the inter-state commerce laws had been ruthlessly handled and blocked, when he promptly called out the Federal troops and gave them instructions and power sufficient to compel obedience to the national laws. In consequence the trains are again moving. He declares that the vigorous policy announced shall not be abandoned until all riots are over, the destruction of property stopped, the free action of trains allowed, and every man who desires to work be permitted to do so undisturbed.

The past week was one of unprecedented rioting, pillage, and anarchistic demonstrations. Several members of the mob lost their lives at the hands of the soldiers. Millions of dollars worth of property was wantonly destroyed by the rioters right in the faces of the soldiers.

It is sincerely hoped that this alarming state of affairs will awaken Congress to the necessity of making laws which will exclude foreigners. It has been shown already that foreigners compose ninety per cent. of the lawless element.

### Ladies, Ministers

And Physicians

All Indorse the

## Electropoise!

For Babies as Well as Old Folks.

I am glad to say that the Electropoise has cured me of rheumatism and illness, the result of typhoid fever, as well as catarrh. Have used it in the family from mother-in-law 73 years old down to the baby, used it on the baby while teething and it worked like a charm. For throat trouble we have never found anything to equal it. Several of my neighbors have them and are all well pleased. I can not say too much in praise of the Electropoise. Mrs. F. M. CALLAHAN, Vernonia, Ky.

Brain Congestion and Vertigo Cured with Electropoise.

Sirs: Last July I was taken with vertigo, a congestion of the smaller blood vessels of the brain (hyperemia). I could not study; everything I ate disagreed with me; at last I ate no solid food, but even soups and liquid food did not agree with me; I was induced to try the "Electropoise;" in one night's time it relieved the brain congestion and vertigo. I ate from that time what I pleased, and since then I have been a comparatively well man. REV. GEO. H. MEANS, Covington, Ky.

Practical as Well as Theoretical. I am much pleased with my experience with the Electropoise, and believe it in advance of any known remedy in theory for the restoration of the normal condition of the system, and its effects in the cure of disease has proved its efficacy practically and theoretically.

For a short while only, the Electropoise will be rented for two months for \$5.00.

### ADDRESS

DuBois & Webb  
509 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Wonderfully cured by Dr. Miller's Nervine.

## Thornton's Standard Organs.

Built on honor and sold with the belief that merit has its reward and the best is none too good.

### Tremendous stock and Great Variety.

Shipped direct from factory to customer at actual factory prices. Par cash and balance to suit the buyer. Send at once for catalogue and full information.

Address  
FRED THORNTON, Richmond, Ky.,  
Or T. B. BILLUPS, Louisville, Ky.

## Quarterly Report

Of the Bank of Louisa on the Morning of June 18, 1894.

Loans and discounts	\$33,000.76	Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$30,000.00
Overdrafts, unsecured	20.90	Surplus fund	5,250.00
Due from National Banks	3,110.23	Undivided profits	2,032.85
Banking house and lot	5,870.00	Due depositors	23,177.91
Specie	4,229.50	Due National Banks	1,957.00
Currency	7,089.00		
Other items carried as cash	135.74		
Furniture and fixtures	1,712.25		
Current expenses	791.43		
	61,948.36		

### STATE OF KENTUCKY, COUNTY OF LAWRENCE:

G. R. Vinson, cashier of Bank of Louisa, a Bank located and doing business in the town of Louisa, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing Report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank, at the close of business on the 28th day of June, 1894, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and no elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 18th day of June, 1894, at the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn before me by G. R. Vinson the 28th day of June, 1894. M. S. REEDS, Notary Public, Lawrence County.

# YOUR LIFE DEPENDS UPON IT!

## THIS MAKES IT THE MATTER OF FIRST IMPORTANCE TO YOU!

Your food is what we are speaking of. Your duty to your family and yourself is to

## Get The Best.

We keep only the purest and best eatables and our prices are such that rich and poor alike can afford to do justice to their health. Look at our prices on Flour:

Golden Rod, per barrel,	\$3.75
Clover Leaf, "	3.75
Victor, "	3.50
Anchor, "	3.40
Fancy, "	3.20

All Kinds of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

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We will construct and equip a iron, bronze or nickel-steel foundry or auxiliary aluminum reduction plants of any capacity desired, for any responsible party, turnish cupola, refining furnace, all machinery, tools and erect the necessary buildings. We will operate the plant ten to thirty days and turn it over in proper working order under guarantee of satisfactory results as to capacity, quality of products and cost; the less to be ours in case of failure.

Why experiment when you can have A CERTAINTY? All questions on metals, furnaces or analytical work will be readily and conclusively solved by corresponding with or visiting us.

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Engineers and Contractors for Nickel-Steel Foundry Equipments and Reduction Works. Estimates furnished upon application. Established 1883. Office and Works: Newport, Ky., Two miles from Cincinnati, Ohio. BRANCH OFFICES AND DEPOTS:—Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lomer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; George Ormslow, Henderson, N. C.; La Rue Hardware Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Frank D. Eddy, 115 Broadway, New York; Foundry Supply Co., Boston, Mass.; Arch'd. Reid & Son, Iron Mongers, Glasgow, Scotland.

# ATTENTION!

Look at the special sales going at the Golden : Rule

For this month. Here they are: Ladies' Slippers:

- 65c buys a pair of slippers, worth from \$1.00 to 1.25
- 95c buys a pair of "Ladies' nice slippers, worth \$4.00
- 50c buys a pair of Misses' Slippers, choice of prices, 85c, 75c and 65c
- 90c buys a pair of Ladies' Shoes worth 1.25
- \$1.45 buys a pair of fine shoes worth 1.45
- \$1.50 buys a pair of ladies' nice shoes, worth 2.25
- 95c buys a pair of men's shoes worth 1.25
- \$1.20 buys a pair of men's Shoes worth 1.45
- \$1.75 buys a pair fine Dongola Shoes worth 2.50
- \$2.00 buys a pair of calf skin shoes, worth from 3.00 to 3.50

### Odd Pants.

- 65c buys a pair of Molskin pants worth from 85c to 1.00
- 85c buys a pair of corduroy pants worth 1.25
- \$1.50 buys a pair of all wool cheviot pants worth 2.75
- 2.95 buys the best pants in the house, worth from \$4.00, 4.50, 5.00

### Men's Suits.

- \$3.25 buys a suit, good to work in, worth \$5.25
- \$4.75 buys a man's good mixed suit, worth \$7.50
- \$9.00 buys an all wool city worsted suit, worth \$13.50
- \$10.00 buys the best suit in the house worth from \$15.00 to \$20.00

We have also reduced our line of Dress Goods, furnishings, umbrellas.

Remember that all these goods are made in the east and there is nothing cheap about them but the price.

So come and see for yourself, for these bargains are only for this month. We remain, Yours,

LEVINE & BROWN, Enterprise Block, Louisa, Ky.